When teaching science at Parc Eglos, we intend to provide a curriculum which not only caters for the needs and interest of all individuals but also celebrates the endeavours made by scientists from both Cornwall and across the globe. We intend to foster and develop skills to both question and understand the natural world; that both the support and disagreement of ideas are of equal value when underpinned by evidence, and that both careful analysis and considered reflection are required to move forward. We aim to prepare children to be successful adults and an aid to our collective future through appreciating underlying relationships and potential consequences to both action and inaction within the natural world.

By underpinning each year group's learning with the same fundamental 'Big Idea' for each topic, children can strengthen and develop their understanding regardless of their academic ability. Once grasped, children are required to extend their knowledge out from the 'Big Idea' towards Mastery: to observe it, explain it or hypothesise it functioning within new situations; the causes and effects.

Intent Statement: Children will be taught to use scientific vocabulary in order to explain and understand with precision. They will develop their scientific reasoning and logic through carefully structured lessons which include discussion and collaboration as integral to learning. We encourage attention to detail, resourcefulness and critical thinking - and that resilience and struggle is often a necessary step in our universal understanding.

The aim is that science causes children to take more notice of the world around them and that this in turn causes an endless curiosity. Children should leave Parc Eglos instilled with confident, passionate and enthusiastic scientific (questioning) minds - even if they are quite unaware that this is so.

National Curriculum

cope Quigley Milestones

Ooden Trust

Ň	Ogden Trust								
	Pattern Seeking and Relationships	Observation Over Time	Comparative and Fair Testing		g, Grouping ssifying	Research	h	Seeking Understandi through Questioning	•
Key Concepts	Through careful data collecting and observations, patterns of both behaviour and number are used as a basis for questioning as well as hypothesis, predictions and conclusions.	physical processes or events. Observations may take place over spans of seconds, minutes or months - depending on the subject to be studied and the question		world is org similarities an to organise in ever sophistication this knowledg	anised. Using ad differences nto groups of developing - and using ne to identify	secondary sources where it is impo unsafe to answer w hand enquiries. requires evaluation sources, dist between fact and o	s, usually ossible or with first Research between finguishing pinion and conflicting	questions and then seek answers. Pursued properly good question can be excellent vehicle with whi to start a process of enqui Questioning should rational to observations a experiences; prior	an either supports or ch contradicts a hypothesis
	Mastery	Fluency	Collabor	ation	C	Dracy		Vocabulary	Modelling
	Through effective teaching confident subject knowle children will be encouraged extend and challenge t understanding of a Lear	dge, familiarity through th to groups, children will becom heir in how to 'behave like a so	ne year throughout all area me adept the result of work cientist'. discussion, de	ing together is ebate and	around creating the articulation observations.	ng opportunities for on of thoughts and	science to be correc requirement	o reduce ambiguity will ctly used (as per NC nts). Additional specific	All aspects of science (e.g. discussion, design, testing, observing and recording) are clearly modelled to the highest standards at all times. Through

		Objective. This will include making use of the 'Scientific Flow' cycle to explore the next stage and/or to connect their understanding to new situations, or previously unidentified phenomena.	a	ollaboration builds proficiency nd success in wider social iteractions.	ideas, ambition	disagreements and s will be promoted as onal to the work of a	scientific attitude is added to each child's book. This is referred	performance and the recording are consistently expected and
		The Teaching of Curiosity	The Teaching of Observing,	The Teaching of		A Vocabulary Rich E	<u>Environment</u>	
		and Hypothesis	I Hypothesis Recording and Concluding		Testing/Experimenting			
Underpinned by:	ס	with and be curious about the natural world; to raise questions of how and why, to reason rational explanations using their previous experiences, finding patterns and connections. This all becoming increasingly more sophisticated and	their skills of careful and focuse observation which is purposeful to the objective at hand (including both the conspicuous development of objectivity and the removal of assumption) and to be formal recorded in a format conducive for future reference and further studie This information is used to form	testing/experiment is also the promotion that the process is just one a 'stepping-stone' towards the destination (conclusive		develop understanding an grown from a trunk; phra:	•	•

## Curriculum Statement for the Teaching and Learning of Science

ntation - We implement our approach through:	<u>Teaching</u> High quality enthusiastic teaching, delivering appropriately challenging work for all individuals.	<u>Intervention</u> Work conferences to target small group or individual pupils who need consolidation or stretching (as outlined in our marking policy).	PlanningA range of planningresources to give allchildren theopportunity to reasonwith theirunderstanding,Planning for additionalopportunities toexperience the learningin an outsideenvironment.	<u>Collaboration</u> Continuously striving to better ourselves and frequently share ideas and things that have been particularly effective through staff meetings, planning time and meetings with our year group partners.	<u>Training</u> Taking part in training opportunities and networking events.	Monitoring Continuously monitoring pupils' attainment for their age, making formative assessments at the end of each term. Tracking meetings are in place each term to identify successes and priorities for the coming term. The main purpose of all assessment is to ensure that we are providing excellent provision for every child.	External Support Valuing the external scrutiny of teaching and learning at Parc Eglos in science.
Implementation -						excellent provision for	

Impact- As a result of our Science teaching at Parc Eglos you will see:	Engaged children who are all challenged and developing their scientific approach and understanding.	Confident children who can all talk about science and their learning.	Lessons that use a variety of resources to support learning.	Learning that is tracked and monitored to ensure all children make good progress.	End of key stage outcomes that meet or exceed national age- related expectations.	Children who leave primary school ready to progress to Key Stage 3.
Imp tea						